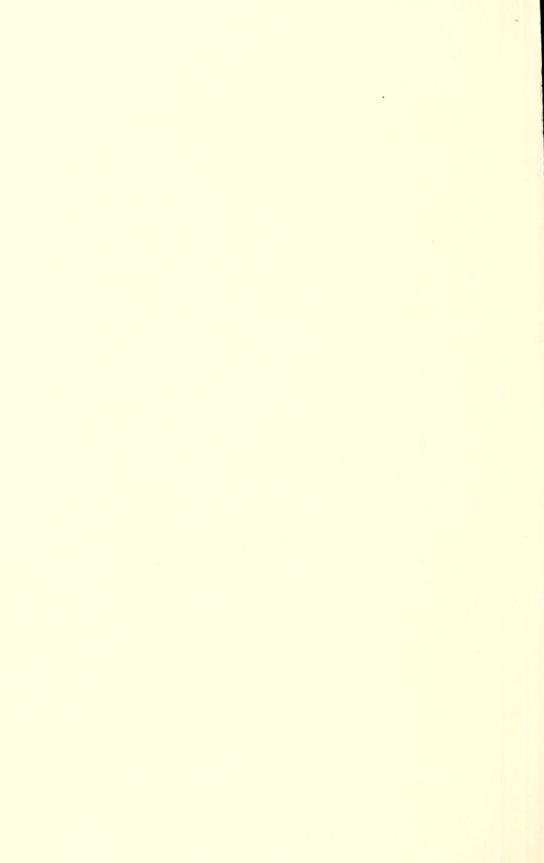
Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



RARE NATIVE PLANTS Shrubs-Bulbs-Alpines

MT. HOOD-11,225 Feet

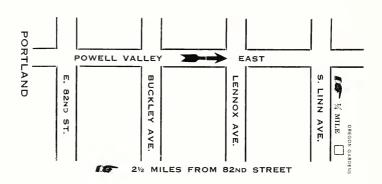


"View Our Neighbor's Alpine Meadows"



OREGON GARDENS - PORTLAND, OREGON IRA N. GABRIELSON J. I. JANSEN

ROUTE 1 – BOX 487 South Linn Avenue, Off Powell Valley Road PHONE SUNSET 6621-J2



Oregon Gardens are located about nine miles east of Portland, Oregon, on South Linn Avenue, one-fourth mile south of Powell Valley Road.

Soil is gravelly loam perfectly drained and ideally constituted for growing alpine and rock plants. Visitors welcome at any time.

WHAT WE GROW

We are growers on a large scale of hardy perennial, alpine and rock plants, especially those native to the Pacific Northwest. Many of the world's most beautiful rock plants are found in the mountains and deserts of Oregon. We have been collecting and growing native plants for several years and at present have some 400 species growing on our grounds. Some of these natives are now being offered for sale for the first time. Some are robust, strong growers. Others, of most dainty, slow growth, require time to reach their true beauty. Many are worth any effort required to get them established.

HARDINESS

Plants are field grown from seedling stage and practically all should be hardy in any part of the United States. Nearly all the Oregon plants offered for sale are from high altitudes and desert areas where they are exposed to as great extremes of weather and temperature as will be experienced anywhere in eastern United States. Any plant of doubtful hardiness will be so marked.

SHIPPING

Shipments will be made to all points west of the Rockies post paid. Customers wishing delivery east of the Rocky Mountains will please add 10 per cent of the order to help defray the extra cost of packing and postage. Plants that require to be mudded or balled will be sent express collect, unless otherwise requested.

SHIPPING SEASON

Many alpine plants that are regarded as fussy have secured their reputation because of being moved at the wrong time. Most of our native plants have definite dormant seasons during which they may be moved with little trouble, while movement at another season often proves fatal. Therefore, we will take the liberty of withholding shipment of such plants until the proper time unless the purchaser specifically requests otherwise. Notice will be sent advising of approximate shipping date of such back order. As our stock of many of these plants is limited we suggest that orders be placed early.

GUARANTEE

We will guarantee plants grown from cuttings and divisions to be true to name and color. Our seed is purchased from the most reliable sources but we can not guarantee seedlings. Our responsibility ceases when plants are delivered in good condition to the transportation companies and receipt is obtained for same.

PRICES

A dozen plants of the same kind will be sold at ten times the single plant price. Write for quantity prices. Order by number if you wish.

———

We are pleased to recommend

BETTER FLOWERS

Leading floral magazine of the West, which has just consolidated with GARDEN HOMES and WESTERN HORTICULTURE, to our garden friends.

Subscriptions may be sent direct to Oregon Gardens, if you desire. Cost is only One Dollar a year.

Rock Gardening

HE newest and, in many ways, the most delightful form of gardening is in building and maintaining rock gardens. Our business is the propagation of perennial plants and bulbs suitable for such gardens. We hope this little catalogue will fall into the hands of many persons who are just becoming interested, and we are, therefore, giving a few pointers on the proper building of rock gardens.

Contrary to the belief of many, building a rock garden is neither mysterious nor difficult. A rock garden is primarily a place in which to grow and display the dazzling color and compact habits of the alpine and rock plants. If a stone mason be employed for the work a display of masonry

or rock with a few poor places for plants usually results.

It is possible to spend endless amounts of money on rockeries and many people in this country feel it to be a rich man's game. As a matter of fact, because of their dwarf growth, a surprisingly large number can be grown in a small space. This makes it possible to work out color combina-

tions and seasonal displays in a small space.

No matter if your rock garden be small or large, build it right. Do not put up a pile of rock and throw dirt over it. First be sure of drainage. Dig down, put in a layer of small rock and gravel, and with this as a foundation begin to build the rockery. If possible, choose rough irregular stones well weathered so that no newly broken surfaces will show. Place the rock so that it will be in a natural position, always with the largest surface down and sloped so the water will reach the roots of the plants to be planted later about them. Build from the bottom, packing the earth, which can be ordinary garden soil mixed with one-fourth sand and an equal amount of leaf mould, firmly about the rocks and in the crevices to accommodate the different types of plants. If possible, allow it to settle some time before planting. Some rocks should be completely buried as many alpines delight in wrapping their roots about them to secure coolness and moisture.

Therefore, keep these points in mind when building a rock garden: Rock should be half to two-thirds buried in the ground, always with the

largest surface down.

Place the rock tilted back so water will penetrate to the roots of the plants.

A bank or natural slope is an advantage as it saves labor.

Provide a place for shade plants and a boggy place if bog plants are desired.

Most alpines delight in full sun if rocks and some moisture are present to provide coolness for the roots.

Porous and absorbent rock is best and it should all be of the same kind.

Alpines need a good depth of soil.

If the soil is heavy provide drainage by using gravel or broken rock under the soil and mix some sand and gravel with the soil. Leaf mould will also be an advantage.

Earth should be packed firmly in crevices and about the rocks.

Don'ts to Be Observed in Building a Rock Garden

Don't place rocks so upper overhang the lower ones.

Don't build a garden of rocks, but a garden for alpine flowers.

Don't use more than one kind of rock in construction.

Don't build under the drip of trees or close to a building.

Don't make the soil rich with manure; it makes the plants straggly.

Don't use smooth hard surface rocks.

Don't use too many or too small rocks.

Don't display, but conceal any mason work if possible.

Planting Suggestions

Young thrifty plants quickly shape themselves to the contour of the rocks and look as if they belong there.

The best effects can be secured by keeping a balance between the various types of ground covers, dwarf shrubs, evergreen and deciduous

perennials and dainty bulb flowers. Some of each will dstribute the

blooming period through the season.

For ground covers and carpeters the creeping Thymes take first rank, with Sagina a close second. In our opinion, many of the Sedums are valuable for ground covers. Such dainty flowering bulbs as Scillas, Galanthus, Grape hyacinths, small species of Tulips and Narcissus and our own native Calochorti and Erythoniums planted beneath carpeting plants will increase in beauty for years, if left undisturbed. The ground cover makes a charming background for the bulb flowers and after the bulb foliage dies down, keeps the space attractive throughout the year.

Evergreen shrubs, such as Heather, shrubby Thymes, Helianthemum, Santolina, Pentstemons, Ceanothus prostratus and Kalmia microphylla are good for winter foliage effect. Many of the Sedums, encrusted and mossy Saxifrages, Veronicas and creeping Thymes are also evergreen in

this country and make a fine winter display.

Dainty and slow growers should not be planted close to the rank growing types. Such plants as the dwarf Phlox, Iris, Lewisias and Violas are especially desirable for small pockets, while Arabis alpine, most Aubretias, Cerastium tomentosum and the vigorous Campanulas should be in large pockets and made to stay there.

Don't use Michaelmas daisies, German iris, Delphiniums or other tall and robust plants, however beautiful they may be, in a small rockery. They are out of proportion and, what is more to the point, will often kill

out the more desirable plants of slower growth.

Alpine Plants-What Are They?

Alpines are not a group apart but rather relatives of familiar lowland plants that have adapted themselves to the short growing season and rigorous climatic conditions on the mountain heights. Thus we have alpine lupines, asters, buttercups, cinquifoils, phlox and so on, all close relatives of tall growing lowlanders of the same groups. Alpine forms almost invariably sacrifice stem and leaf growth in favor of the flower. This results in dwarf growing, small leaved species with flowers as large as their lowland cousins. Frequently the intense light of the high mountains seems to intensify the colors of the flowers, giving them purer and more dazzling colors.

Such dwarf forms have been developed in all the mountain ranges of the world so that there is an almost endless variety from which to choose. The mountains of Europe and Asia have yielded up their alpine treasures to enthusiastic plant explorers until many of the finest are more widely known in American gardens than our own choice native plants. There is no area in North America that can produce a greater variety of choice alpines than the mountains of Oregon. The Cascades, the Siskiyous, the Blue Mountains and the desert ranges of the southeastern part of the state all have their alpine flowers and it is our hope to introduce many of

them to the gardens of this country.

Perhaps the finest of American alpines are the dwarf phlox of which Oregon has a goodly array in white, lavender and pink. In addition to those are many Pentstemons, Saxifragas, Erythroniums, Brodiaeas, Lilies, Eriogonums, Asters, Erigerons, Ranunculus, Potentillas, Violets, Lewesias and many others that are yet entire strangers to our gardens. Some of them are listed in this catalogue for the first time. Of many others we have a limited stock from which we expect to grow enough plants to warrant putting them on our list. It will pay anyone interested in something new for their garden to get in touch with us as we can supply individual plants of many not listed as yet.

Some shrubbery is essential in a well-balanced rock garden and a shrubby background often adds greatly to its beauty. For small rockeries there are tiny shrubs and for larger ones some of the taller growers are

available.

The following, which are described in the main body of this catalogue, are suitable for various uses in the rockery: Arctostaphylos, Azalea, Berberis, Ceanothus, Cistus, Genista, Helianthemum, Kalmia, Phyllodoce, Rhododendron, Santolina, Shortia, Thymus citriodorus, and the following Pentstemons: barettae, cardwelli, fruticosa, menziesii, and rupicola.

Plants for the Rock Garden

ACHILI	LEA P	rice
100	argentea. Dwarf silver leafed plant with heads of white	0.5
110	flowers. Height 6 inches\$ millfoilium roseum. Red flowers, lacy fern-like leaves.	.25
AFTHI	Height 18 to 24 inches	.25
115	diastrophis. A beautiful blue gray leaved shrub with heads	
120	bright pink flowers. Height 4 to 8 inches	.40
	grandiflorum. Twelve-inch shrub, the largest of the family, with blue gray foliage and big pink flowers in loose heads	.40
125	pulchellum. Somewhat like diastrophis but more robust. A very beautiful rock plant for a shady place. 6 to 8 inches	.50
128	shistosum. A neat mass of erect little divided stems and large pink flowers. Height 4 to 6 inches	.40
AJUGA		
140	genevensis. Clear blue flowers, basal rosettes of well-shaped leaves. Height 6 to 8 inches	.25
ALSINE		.20
143	bauhinorum. Dainty mats of fine green leaves from which arise on wavy stems many pure white flowers. Good plant. Creeper	.50
ALYSSI		.00
155	amanum. A creeping mat of silvery foliage covered in spring with heads of clear yellow flowers. Good and easy, should	40
160	be a standard rock plant in every garden. Creeper mollendorfianum. Dwarf silver-leaved plant with clusters of	.40
170	yellow flowers in spring. Much like amanum. Creeper saxatile compactum. Gray foliage covered with masses of	.30
ANDRO	yellow flowers in early spring. Height 12 to 18 inches	.25
ANDRO 200	lanuginosa. Silver foliage, pink flowers, long bloomer and a	
	fine representative of this choice group of plants. Creeper	.50
ANEMO		
215	canadensis. (Pennsylvanica.) Pure white flowers on stems 12 to 14 inches. A good semi-shade plant. Native of eastern United States	.25
220	deltoides. Native. Out for the season.	.20
224	fulgens. A beautiful European which blooms early with big blazing red flowers on 8 to 10-inch stems. An exceptional	50
228	plantoccidentalis. The American Anemone alpina. White flowers	.50
	in early spring followed by a mass of divided foliage and	
	great heads of gray plumed seeds that have a high decorative value. Height 10 to 20 inches	.50
$\frac{230}{240}$	oregana. Native. Out for season. pulsatilla. Fine early bloomer, large violet to lavender half-	
	open flowers on hairy stems. Height 8 to 12 inches	.35
242	St. Brigid. Big double and semi-double early spring flowers in a variety of colors. Height 10 to 14 inches	.25
AQUILI		
245	alpina. A fine dwarf columbine with great violet bells on short stems. A rock garden gem. Height 12 to 18 inches	.30
248	chrysantha. A two to three-foot dainty columbine, excep-	.00
	tional fine foliage and soft yellow long-spurred flowers. Very good	.35
250	coerulea. Long-spurred blue and white flowers. Colorado state flower. The best of all columbines	.30
260	formosa. Native. Red and yellow flowers. Very good. Height 18 to 24 inches	.25
263	jucunda. Another beautiful alpine columbine, with big violet	
	and white flowers. Height 18 to 24 inches	.50

AQUILI	EGIA—Continued	Price
265	leptocera. Soft white long-spurred columbine from Utah	
	mountains often described as a form of coerulea. One of	
	the most showy plants of our garden. 18 to 24 inches\$.50
270	Mrs. Scott Elliott's hybrids. A beautiful strain of long-spurred	
	pink, white, blue, yellow and red flowers. 24 to 36 inches	.30
	pubescens. Seedlings only. A native California species.	
	Listed as having pink or lavender flowers	.50
274	pyrenaica. A beautiful dwarf columbine with dainty foliage	
	and flowers of deep violet. One of the most choice for	
	the rock garden. Height 12 to 14 inches	.35
276	truncata parvifolia. A small form of this bright red and	
	yellow columbine. Something new for your garden.;	
	Height 24 to 30 inches	.35
ARABIS	•	
280	alpina. Low compact domes of evergreen rosettes, covered in	
	spring with white flowers. Desirable for edgings, walls	0.5
001	or large pockets. Height 6 to 10 inches	.25
281	alpina flora plena. Double flowering form of the above	.25
283	Alpina rosea. Soft pink form of this popular rock cress.	.30
204	Height 6 to 8 inchesaubrietioides. Close rosettes of gray hairy leaves from	.30
284	which arise 8 to 10-inch stems bearing showers of pur-	
		.35
285	ple flowers. Fine	.55
200	ing good heads of clear pink flowers. Will stand some	
	shade. Rare. Height 10 to 16 inches	.50
290	purpurascens. Native. Compact rosettes of heavy green	.50
230	leaves, bright red to purple flowers. Needs poor soil.	
	Rare. Height 8 to 10 inches	.50
4 D OTTO		.50
	STAPHYLOS	
300	cinerea. Out for the season.	
310	uva ursi. Out for the season.	
	RIA—Sandwort	
315		0.5
	tiny white flowers in late summer	.25
325	montana. Neat growing evergreen; clear white flowers in	0.5
	spring: dainty appearance. Height 6 to 8 inches	.25



CAMPANULA ROTUNDIFOLIA LEWISIA HOWELLI SEE HARDY LILIES OFFERED—PAGE 33

ARMERIA—Sea Thrift	Price
330 maritima. Compact clumps of grassy foliage and heads of	
pink flowers. Height 6 to 8 inches	\$.25
ASARUM—Wild Ginger 340 hartwegi. Native. Variegated leaves, each leaf is soft	
green with silvery area along the midrib. A fine shade	
ground cover. Creeper	
ASTER	
350 alpina. Alpine Aster. Large lavender flowers with yellow	
centers. Forms low mat of leaves. Long bloomer Height 10 to 12 inches	,. 95
360 subcoeruleus. Similar to above but larger and more robust	.25 .25
ASTILBE	.50
370 davidi. Herbaceous spirea with good foliage and plumes of	
soft pink. Good for shade. Height 24 to 36 inches	.75
AUBRETIA	
400 hendersoni. Beautiful compact evergreen. Covered at in-	
tervals with violet flowers. One of the best. Should be in every rock garden. Height 6 to 10 inches	
405 fire king. Red flowering form of the above choice rock plant	
AZALEA	
410 occidentalis. Native. Beautiful deciduous shrub with white	
to pink or yellowish fragrant flowers. Nursery grown	
Height 4 to 6 feet. 12 to 18-inch plants	1.50
BELLIUM 415 rotundifolium. A tiny daisy with numerous soft lavender	
flowers. Fine summer bloomer. Height 4 to 6 inches	
BERBERIS	
420 aquifolium. Native. Oregon state flower. Evergreen thorny	
leaved shrub. Heads of soft yellow flowers followed	
by bunches of grape-like berries. A fine shrub. Height	
3 to 6 feet. 12 to 18-inch plants	
suitable for a large rockery planting. Holly-like leaves	
and yellow flowers. 12 to 24 inches. Small plants only	.50
425 nervosa. Native. A dwarf species of the Oregon grape with	
larger leaves. Height 12 to 18 inches	.75
428 verruculosa. Dwarf evergreen barberry with arching branches and dark green foliage. One of the best of	
all barberries. Height 2 to 3 feet. Small plants only	.50
BIDENS	
430 dahlioeides. Foliage like coreopsis with cosmos-like pink	
and white flowers on long stems. Height 12 to 18 inches	.35
CALAMINTHA	
435 alpina. A fine dwarf evergreen shrub which is covered in mid-summer with violet and white mint-like flowers.	
Height 6 to 8 inches	.30
CALCEOLARIA	
440 polyrrhiza. A spreading mat of dull green leaves from	
which arise 4-inch stems carrying odd yellow flowers	=0
spotted with brown. Something good. 4 to 6 inches	.50
CALLUNA SCOTCH HEATHER	
445 vulgaris pygmea. A dwarf Scotch heather rarely growing over 6 inches high. Large plants only	1.50
446 vulgaris tinus. A dwarf Scotch heather with double pink	1.00
flowers. Height 4 to 8 inches. Large plants only	1.00
CALTHA—Marsh Marigold	
450 leptosepala. Native. Big round shiny leaves, white butter-	0.5
cup flowers. Height 10 to 14 inches	.35
green leaves and clusters of butter yellow flowers. Good	
for a wet place. Height 10 to 12 inches	.25
SEE ROCK GARDEN BULBS—PAGE 30	

CAMPA	ANULA	rice
455	alliaraefolia. A tall growing campanula producing great	
	spikes of creamy hanging white bells. Height 3 to 4 feet.\$.40
456	carpatica. Fine rock plant, big open blue saucers on airy	
	stems above a mass of green foliage. 10 to 12 inches	.25
457	carpatica alba. A fine white form of the above	.30
460	garganica. A dainty dwarf bell flower covered in summer	
	with starry blue flowers with a white eye. One of our	40
4.00	favorites. Height 4 to 6 inches	.40
46 3	glomerata. Hairy leaves and heads of big violet flowers make this quite a distinct campanula for a rockery or	
	border. Height 18 to 20 inches	.40
465	grandis. Another beautiful tall bell flower with open spikes	.=0
100	of big lavender saucers. Height 24 to 30 inches	.40
466	lactiflora alba magnifica. A rare and beautiful border plant	.10
100	from the Imperial Gardens of Petrograd, with great	
	panicles of open white flowers. Height 4 to 5 feet	.50
467	lactiflora coerulea. A pale blue dwarfer form of this species.	
	Good for large pockets and borders. Height 2 to 3 feet	.40
468	lactiflora macrantha. Early summer flowering form with	
	big satiny drooping bells in lilac and purple shades	.40
469	muralis. Dense tufts of dark green foliage with large blue	
	bell-shaped flowers	.35
470	persicafolia. Peached leaved bellflower, soft blue bells.	
454	Height 30 to 36 inches	.25
471	persicafolia alba. A pure white form of the above	.25
475	pusilla. Fairy thimble. Compact mats of green leaves.	
	Flower stems carry dainty nodding pale blue bells. A A real beauty. Height 4 to 6 inches	.35
476	pusilla alba. A pure white form of the above, even more to	.55
110	be desired	.35
485	rotundifolia. Native. Compact mats of dwarf leaves; wiry	.00
100	steams bear a profusion of bright blue bells. Height 12	
	to 16 inches	.25
CEANO		
510	californicus. Native. Out for the season.	
515	cuneatus. Out for the season.	
520	prostratus. Native. Oregon's best shrub for the rock gar-	
	den. Imagine a mat of evergreen holly-like leaves cov-	
	ered in spring with round umbels of dainty lavender	
	lilac-like flowers. Established plants become a yard	
	across. Creeper	.50
CERAS		
530	tomentosum. Masses of silvery foliage blanketed in spring	
	with pure white flowers. Strong grower. Good for	
	edging and walls. Height 6 to 10 inches	.25



CALTHA LEPTOSEPALA
SEE HARDY LILIES OFFERED—PAGE 33

CHERIA	ANTHUS	rice
535	asperum. Native of California. A dandelion like rosette of	
	crenate leaves and heads of yellow flowers. A good wall	
	flower. Height 12 to 16 inches\$.30
	NE (Pentstemon)	
540	barbatus torreyi. Basal masses of shining green leaves,	
	open panicles of bright red flowers. Good for large	0.5
OTOTIL	pockets. Height 24 to 36 inches	.25
	S—Rock Rose	
300	crispus. Fine rock shrub, thick soft gray leaves, rose-like purple flowers. Fine shrubs, 4 to 6 feet, 12-inch plants.	1.00
CONTRO	• •	1.00
	DLVULUS; mauritanicus. A fine summer and fall species with beauti-	
565	ful clear blue morning glories. Not a spreader. Needs	
	well-drained, sunny spot. One of the best summer	
	blooming plants we have. Height 6 inches	.35
CORYD		.00
575	aurea. A fine plant with mass of deeply cut leaves and	
	spikes of yellow flowers that bloom through a long sea-	
	son. Height 12 to 18 inches	.35
580	cheilanthifolius. Beautiful fern-like foliage and spikes of	
	soft yellow flowers. Height 10 to 12 inches	.40
COTON	IEASTER	
583	adpressa. A dwarf cotoneaster with small leaves and bright	
	red berries. Good to use over the face of large rocks.	
	Creeper. Small plants only	.50
585	horizontalis. A showy low growing shrub with tiny decid-	
	ous leaves, white flowers in spring and great masses of	
F00	red berries in late fall and winter. Small plants	.50
590	humifusa. A sprawling evergreen shrub. Exceptional fine	
	for the rock garden. Beautiful any season. Covered in fall and winter with red berries	.50
apriar		.50
600	ANELLA	
000	stylosa. Creeping mats of bright green foliage, big heads of clear pink flowers. Creeper	.25
CXLANO		.20
610	GLOSSUM	
615	grande. Out for the season. nervosum. Clumps of long narrow leaves, intense gentian	
010	blue flowers. Height 12 to 18 inches	.35
CVDDI	PEDIUM	.00
618	californicum. Native. A fine lady slipper with white slip-	
010	per enclosed with yellowish sepals. 12 to 16 inches	.50
620	montanum. Native. A plant near to californicum with	.00
020	brownish sepals and white flowers. 10 to 12 inches	.50
622	pubescens. The vellow lady slipper. One of the most showy	
	species. Height 10 to 12 inches	.50
624	acaule. A rose purple lady slipper more dwarf than other	
628	species. Height 8 to 10 inches	.50
	spectabilis. The most showy of North American lady slip-	
TO A TOTAL	spectabilis. The most showy of North American lady slippers. Rose and white flowers on 12 to 16-inch stems.	.50 .50
DAPHN	spectabilis. The most showy of North American lady slip- pers. Rose and white flowers on 12 to 16-inch stems VE	
	spectabilis. The most showy of North American lady slip- pers. Rose and white flowers on 12 to 16-inch stems VE cneorum. A choice rock shrub. Masses of evergreen leaves	
	spectabilis. The most showy of North American lady slippers. Rose and white flowers on 12 to 16-inch stems NE cneorum. A choice rock shrub. Masses of evergreen leaves on flopping stems and heads of fragrant, bright, pink	.50
630	spectabilis. The most showy of North American lady slippers. Rose and white flowers on 12 to 16-inch stems NE cneorum. A choice rock shrub. Masses of evergreen leaves on flopping stems and heads of fragrant, bright, pink flowers	
630 DARLI	spectabilis. The most showy of North American lady slippers. Rose and white flowers on 12 to 16-inch stems VE cneorum. A choice rock shrub. Masses of evergreen leaves on flopping stems and heads of fragrant, bright, pink flowers	.50
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630 DARLI	spectabilis. The most showy of North American lady slippers. Rose and white flowers on 12 to 16-inch stems VE cneorum. A choice rock shrub. Masses of evergreen leaves on flopping stems and heads of fragrant, bright, pink flowers	.50
630 DARLII 640	spectabilis. The most showy of North American lady slippers. Rose and white flowers on 12 to 16-inch stems. NE cneorum. A choice rock shrub. Masses of evergreen leaves on flopping stems and heads of fragrant, bright, pink flowers	.50
630 DARLI	spectabilis. The most showy of North American lady slippers. Rose and white flowers on 12 to 16-inch stems. E cneorum. A choice rock shrub. Masses of evergreen leaves on flopping stems and heads of fragrant, bright, pink flowers	.50
DARLII 640 DELPH	spectabilis. The most showy of North American lady slippers. Rose and white flowers on 12 to 16-inch stems. NE cneorum. A choice rock shrub. Masses of evergreen leaves on flopping stems and heads of fragrant, bright, pink flowers. NGTONIA californica. Pitcher plant. Native. Very odd and interesting insect-catching plant. Odd yellow flowers. Moisture and sun. NNIUM	.50
DARLII 640 DELPH	spectabilis. The most showy of North American lady slippers. Rose and white flowers on 12 to 16-inch stems. E cneorum. A choice rock shrub. Masses of evergreen leaves on flopping stems and heads of fragrant, bright, pink flowers	.50
630 DARLI 640 DELPH 650	spectabilis. The most showy of North American lady slippers. Rose and white flowers on 12 to 16-inch stems. E cneorum. A choice rock shrub. Masses of evergreen leaves on flopping stems and heads of fragrant, bright, pink flowers	.50

		Price
660	nudicaule. Native scarlet larkspur. Branching stalks bearing scattered bright red and yellow flowers. Height 16 to 18 inches	.25
0.01		.40
661	flowers. A beauty. Height 12 to 18 inches	.35
664	nudicaule lemon gem. Another English hybrid of this native American species. Clear lemon yellow flowers. Height 12 to 16 inches	.35
662	nuttallianum. Native dwarf blue larkspur. Exceptionally good blue. Height 12 to 16 inches	.30
665	ochroleucum. Native. Out for the season.	
DIANT	HIS	
670	alpina. The best of all pinks. Making mats of green leaves	
	on which sit huge flowers of soft clear pink. A won- derful plant	.50
671	alpina alba. White form of the above choice plant. Creeper	.50
675	arvenensis. Mass of grav leaves covered with numerous	
010	pink flowers. Very fine. Height 4 to 6 inches	.40
685	deltoides. Maiden pink. Dwarf evergreen, sprays of bright red flowers. Long bloomer and exceptional bright col-	
	ored form of this popular favorite. 12 to 16 inches	.25
715	neglectus. Another fine alpine pink making bunches of short grass-like leaves above which, on 6-inch stems,	
	dance bright pink flowers with golden reverse to the	
	petals	.40
725	superbus. Dwarf. Carrying big ragged pink flowers on	
	long steams above the foliage. Height 10 to 14 inches	.25
DICEN		
735		
	loved native plant with white or pale pink flowers like	0.5
	pantaloons. Height 6 to 8 inches	.35
738	exima. A beautiful finely divided leaf and bleeding hearts of soft pink. Good shade plant. Height 10 to 12 inches	35



CYPRIPEDIUM MONTANUM
SEE HARDY LILIES OFFERED—PAGE 33

DICENT	TRA—Continued P	rice
740	formosa. Bleeding heart. Native. Mass of finely cut leaves, sprays of dainty pink flowers. Shade. Height	
745	8 to 12 inches\$ uniflora. Out for the season.	.25
DODOC	CATHEON. Birds bill. Shooting star.	
748	alpina. A tiny dwarf bird bill from the high Cascades of Oregon. Another dainty rock garden plant. Height	
750	6 to 10 inches	.25
752	8 to 12 inches	.35
760	most others. Height 10 to 12 inchesdentatum. Out for the season.	.35
765	jefferyi. Native. Flowers white and pink. Beautiful and quite robust. Height 10 to 14 inches	.30
770	latifolium. Native. Pink, brown and yellow flowers. Oval leaves. Established plants produce from 15 to 25 blooms	
DDADA	to the stalk. A rock garden gem. Height 8 to 12 inches	.25
DRABA 775		
	olympica. A fine rock plant, making wide mats of dull green foliage, covered in early spring with sprays of yellow flowers	.35
	CEPHALUM	
	nutans. Odd and attractive mint with heads of blue flowers. Height 6 to 8 inches	.40
EPIGAL		
810	repens. Evergreen leaves and fragrant pink flowers early in spring make it a great favorite. Half shade. Strong clumps	.50
ERICA	cramps	.00
820	Mediterranea hybrids. A fine evergreen shrub with dark green foliage. Flowers bright pink almost throughout the winter. One of the best of rock garden shrubs. Height 12 to 24 inches. Strong plants	.60
ERIGEI		.00
830	glauca. Native. Dwarf stems with blue-green leaves, each	
030	topped with big pink, white or lavender flowers. Very attractive. Height 6 to 10 inches	.25
832	chrysopsidis. Native. Narrow gray leaves and clear yellow aster-like flowers. All summer bloomer. 6 to 8 inches	.40
833	linearis. Native. A desert species with tufts of linear leaves and flopping stems covered throughout the sum- mer with lilac flowers with yellow centers. Height 6	
	to 8 inches	.40
835	mucronatus. Mat of neat foliage covered all summer with dainty white or pink asters. Height 10 to 14 inches	.30
840	poliospermum. Native. Dainty aster-like plant with compact rosettes of narrow gray leaves. Lavender and yellow flowers on individual stems. Very choice. Height	40
**********	4 to 6 inches	.40
ERINUS		
845 ERIOGO	alpinus. Neat rosettes of evergreen leaves and reddish purple flowers. Choice. Height 4 to 6 inches	.30
	nudum. Native. Low clumps of green leaves turning bronze	
852	in autumn. Divided stems make great sprays of clusters of lemon yellow flowers. Height 24 to 30 inches umbellatum. Native. Low growing woody shrub with small	.35
002	oval evergreen leaves and 4 to 6-inch stems each ending in fluffy balls, composed of many tiny, soft, yellow flowers. Something quite different from the ordinary	
	rock plant. Dry, sunny position	.50

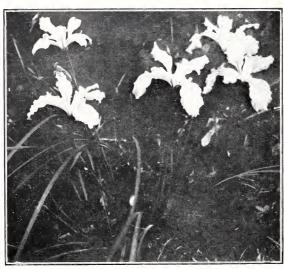
	HYLLUM. Oregon sunshine. lanatum. Native. Mats of gray leaves and masses of bright	Price
862	yellow aster-like flowers. Very showy. Height 12 to 18 inches	.25
	more finely divided leaves. Bright yellow flowers. Height 8 to 12 inches	.25
FUCHS	IA	
865	riccartonii. Hardy fuchsia with myriads of brilliant red flowers all through the summer. Fine for large rockery	.50
GAILL	ARDIA	
	aristataNative. A dainty edition of the garden gaillardia, suitable for rock gardens, furnishing big single yellow flowers over a long season	.30
GENIS	ra. Broom.	
870	alba. One of the best brooms with showers of dainty white	
010	blossoms. Height 6 to 8 feet. 18 24-inch plants	.50
873	andreana. A tall growing shrub with mahogany and yel-	.50
010	low pea flowers. Brooms are especially effective as a	
	background or skyline for rock gardens on sunny	
	slopes. Height 6 to 8 feet. 24 to 30-inch plants	.50
880	praecox. A broom with more or less rigid branches and soft	
	cream flowers. Height 4 to 6 feet. 12 to 18-inch plants	.50
GENTL	ANA—Gentian. Most brilliant blue of the floral world.	
890		
000	choice plant with large intense blue flowers. Height	
	2 to 4 inches	1.00
900	bisetae. Native. A swamp gentian from the Siskiyous, re-	
	sembling calycosa, but more dwarf and with larger	
	flowers. Rare. Only few plants to offer this year	.75
905	cruciata. A leafy stem 10 to 12 inches bearing clusters of	
	soft blue flowers in leaf axils. Not so showy as some	
	but a good species	.50
915	menziesii. Native Deep blue flowers somewhat like Genti-	50



DARLINGTONIA CALIFORNICA Insect catching plant SEE HARDY LILIES OFFERED—PAGE 33

GENTIANA—Continued	Price
918 parryi. Oregon's most beautiful gentian which is possibly a	
form of calycosa. Stems clothed in rounded leaves grow	
about a foot high and each bears a cluster of five big open gentian blue flowers. Established plants are one	
of the sights of our mountains from July to September	\$.75
930 sceptrum. Native. Blue flowers of half-closed type. Very	
choice. Height 10 to 14 inches	
GERANIUM	
940 incisum. Large pink to dark rose or even purple flowers. Good foliage. Height 12 to 20 inches	
GERARDIA	.50
950 hybrida. Stems clothed with narrow leaves and hung with	
rosy pentstemon-like flowers. An exceptionally fine	
plant for larger pockets. Height 24 to 30 inches	.25
GILIA	
960 pungens. Native. A prickly little desert bush with pink or	
white flowers opening with us only in early morning	
and evening. An odd, interesting and attractive species. Height 8 to 12 inches	.50
GLAUCIUM—Horned poppy.	.50
970 tricelor. Basal rosettes of deeply cut gray leaves, stems	
bearing big silky yellow or orange flowers all summer.	
Height 24 to 36 inches	
GORMANIA	
980 watsoni. Native. Rosettes of large fleshy leaves and heads	
of soft cream flowers. A good novelty and rare. Creeper	.50
GYPSOPHILA	
990 repens. Evergreen soft gray foliage with white to pink	9.5
flowers. A very fine species. Creeper	.35
HELIANTHEMUM 1000 vulgare. Indispensable dwarf evergreen shrub. Bright	
flowers opening at intervals all summer. Single yellow,	
single pink, salmon and burnt orange. 8 to 12 inches	.50
HELLEBORUS—Christmas Rose	
1005 hybrids. Winter blooming plant of exceptional interest.	
White to pink single rose-like flowers and curiously	
lobed leaves. Large plants only	1.50
HERNIARIA	
1008 glabra. A creeping mossy ground cover plant which turns red in winter. Needs poor soil	.25
HEUCHERA	.20
1010 glabella. Native. A fine alumroot with a mass of palmate	
glabrous leaves and close spikes of soft yellow flowers.	
Height 10 to 12 inches	.30
1015 micrantha. Native. Chiefly valuable for its clumps of reni-	
form leaves; white to pink small flowers. Height 12	
to 18 inches	.30
dainty sprays of tiny white flowers. Charming. Height	
12 to 18 inches	.30
1025 sanguinea. Coral bells. Good masses of palmate basal leaves;	
dainty spikes of bright red flowers. Height 12 to 16 inches	.25
HUTCHINSIA	
1035 alpina. A real dainty evergreen with glossy divided foliage,	
making compact domes covered with white flowers. Very fine. Height 3 to 4 inches	.35
HYDASTYLUS—Yellow star grass	.00
1040 californicus. Native. Dwarf, growing bright yellow grass	
flower. A long bloomer. Fine rock plant. Some shade.	
Height 6 to 8 inches	.30
CEE DOCK CADDEN DILLDS DACE 20	

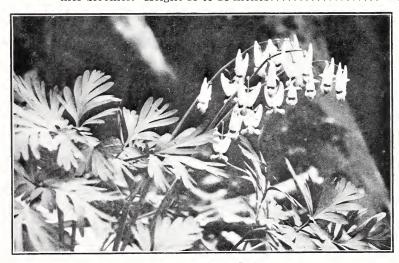
HYPERICUM—St. Johns wort	Price
1050 calycinum. Evergreen shrub with leathery leaves and big yellow flowers. Height 12 to 16 inches	\$.35
1055 reptans. Evergreen creeper. Big yellow flowers nestled in dainty masses of trailing leafy stems. Good ground cover	.35
HYPOCHARIS	.00
1060 uniflora. Dwarf aster-like plant, flat rosettes of bright green leaves and pink or white flowers. A real dwarf. Height 4 to 6 inches	.35
IRIS—We offer fine nursery grown plants of Oregon's beautiful Iris. These have compact well developed root systems and are much more sure to grow than collected plants of these wire-rooted species. This is your first chance to get such plants of these dainty Americans.	
1065 chrysophylla. Native. A dainty iris with grassy leaves and	
white or soft yellow flowers daintily veined with blue.	.35
Height 8 to 10 inches	.55
8 to 10 inches	.35
1080 douglasiana. The tallest of our native iris. Thick heavy dark green leaves. Flowers vary from white to blue and	
lavender shades. Height 14 to 18 inches	.40
1090 gormani. Native. Dwarf, narrow leaves and lovely soft yellow flowers. A very choice and rare plant. Height	
6 to 10 inches	.50
1095 missouriensis. Native. A fine iris with flowers ranging from white to blue, all finely reticulated with brown.	
Height 12 to 16 inches	.30
1100 pumila. Dwarf, with violet flowers. Height 6 to 10 inches 1115 tenax. Native. Dainty flowers in various shades of white	.35
and lavender. Many blossoms open at once, making an assortment of colors. Height 8 to 12 inches	.35
1120 tenuis. Native. Wide-leaved woodland iris. White flowers	.00
marked with yellow and purple. Rare and a beauty.	_
Height 8 to 12 inches	.50
1125 verna. Very choice dwarf with clear blue flowers. One of	35



IRIS TENAX
SEE HARDY LILIES OFFERED—PAGE 33

	ice
1130 perennis. Dwarf clumps of linear leaves and heads of blue flowers. Height 6 to 10 inches\$.35
JUNIPERUS	.00
1132 communis nana. Native. High mountain creeping juniper.	
A beautiful alpine rock shrub. Small plants only	.50
1133 depressa aurea. Golden juniper. A creeping juniper with	
the golden foliage of some of the golden thuyas. A fine	50
and rare shrub. Small plants only	.50
per with curious purple flush during winter. Small	
	.50
KALMIA	
1135 microphylla. Native mountain laurel. Dwarf evergreen	
shrub with heads of dainty pink flowers. One of Ore-	EO
G	.50
LAMIUM 1140 maculatum. Dwarf member of the mint family. Crinkly	
evergreen leaves of dull green with white stripe down	
the center. Turns reddish tint in fall. Short spikes of	
	.30
LEDUM	
1150 columbianum. Out for the season	
LEUCOCRINUM	
1155 montanum. Native. Beautiful white flowers on individual	
stems set in a clump of narrow grass-like foliage. A delightful plant. Height 4 to 6 inches	.50
LEWISIA—These distinctive western American plants are excep-	.00
tionally valuable rock garden species. Sharp drainage and plenty	
of sunshine are all they need to be happy.	
1160 columbianum. Native. Evergreen rosettes of flat leaves.	
with beautiful pink and white striped flowers. Height	
	.35
1162 finchii. Native. Neat rosettes of big flesh leaves from which arise 6 to 10-inch stems carrying numerous	
white flowers with a wide red or pink stripe down the	
center of each petal; a wonderful rock plant	.50
1163 howelli. Native. Flat rosettes of narrow evergreen leaves	
more or less crinkled on the sides and 10-inch sprays	
of white or apricot flowers each petal streaked with wide center band of rose	.35
1164 species. Native. Flat rosettes of evergreen leaves and	.00
showers of rosy purple flowers over a long season. One	
	.50
oppositifolia. Native. Linear oblanceolate leaves in rosettes,	
stems bearing one to five pure white aster-like flowers. Height 8 to 12 inches	.35
1170 rediviva. Native. No plants typify more fully the elusive	.00
charm of the desert. Waxy white or pink water lily-	
like flowers the size of a dollar, amid the clutching fin-	•
5	.30
LIATRIS 1175 ligustylis. Dwarf gay feather, spikes of rose pink flowers	
	.35
LINARIA	.50
1180 dalmatica macedonica. A very showy plant with glaucous	
blue green leaves and spikes of golden yellow blossoms.	
1 6 6	30
LINDELOFIA	
1190 spectabilis. Large deep sapphire anchusa-like flowers on	
branching stems. Blooms all summer. Choice for border or large pockets. Height 16 to 18 inches	.50
SEE ROCK GARDEN BULBS—PAGE 30	

LINNAI	EA P	rice
1195	borealis. Native twin flower. A dainty evergreen trailer with pink fragrant flowers in pairs\$.35
LINUM		
1200	lewisii. Out for season.	
LITHOS	SPERMUM	
1205	prostratum. Creeeping mats of dark green foliage liberally sprinkled with gentian blue flowers. A gem of a rock plant. Creeper	.75
LOBEL	IA	
1210	syphilitica. A beautiful violet counterpart of the cardinal flower, suitable for the bog garden or a wet place. Height 12 to 18 inches	.30
LUTKE.		
1220	pectinata. Native. Attractive rosettes of bright green finely dissected leaves, making mats of considerable size. Odd little cream-colored flowers in spikes. Height 2 to 4 inches	.40
LYCHN	IS	
	viscaria splendens. A tuft of thick grassy leaves and heads of brilliant pink flowers on 12 to 15-inch stems. Very showy	.35
MAZUS	·	
1240	rugosus. A rare creeper, light green leaves, attractive white and purple flowers close among the leaves. Creeper	.35
MERTE		
1260	 pulchella. Native. Rosettes of blue green leaves. Stems bearing a drooping cluster of beautiful clear blue bells sometimes tinted with pink. One of the finest of blue flowers. A real gem. Height 6 to 10 inches 	.50
MIMUL	US	
1265	cardinalis. A fine species for the border or a wet place in	
1275	a large rockery. Curiously helmeted bright red flowers. Height 18 to 24 inches	.35
	spotted with brown and reddish in the throat. All summer bloomer. Height 18 to 24 inches	.30



DICENTRA CUCULLARIA
SEE HARDY LILIES OFFERED—PAGE 33

MIMUL	US—Continued	Price
1278	lewisii. Fine perennial monkey flower with rose blossoms. Moisture and sun make a wonderful display of this	
1280	plant. Ordinary rich soil. Height 16 to 24 inches\$ species. Native dwarf. Small yellow flowers. May be a form of langsdorfii, but for garden purposes it is distinct.	.35
1285	Height 8 to 12 inchesringens. Blue or lavender flowers, good companion to our	.30
	native species. Height 16 to 20 inches	.35
MITCH		
1290	repens. Dwarf creeping evergreen with white flowers and red berries in fall. Shade. Creeper. Big plants well established	.30
MONTL		
1293	parviflera. Native. A fine pink flowered species which forms mats of light green fleshy leaves arranged in rosettes. Fine for shady rock. Creeper	.25
MYOSO		
1295	alpestris. Good plants of the common garden variety.	
1300	Height 6 to 10 inchespalustris semperflorens. Choice long bloomer. Good for	.25
1000	damp place. Height 8 to 12 inches	.25
NEPETA		.20
	mussini. Fine for any rockery. Gray leaves and spikes of	
1010	delicate lavender flowers which appear several times a season if seed heads are cut back. 16 to 20 inches	.25
OENOT		
1320	tricocalyx. Desert Primrose. Native, white or pink, frag-	
	rant, persistent bloomer. Blue-green foliage. Height 10 to 14 inches	.30
OPHNITI	IA—Prickly Pear Cactus	.00
	polycantha. Native. Flat oval joints covered with spines,	
1000	large showy soft yellow flowers. Always excites comment in the garden. Height 6 to 10 inches	.35
OXALIS		.55
	violacea. Dainty semi-bulbous Oxalis, fine leaves, rosy pur-	
1000	ple flowers. A most dainty shade or semi-shade plant. May, June. Height 3 to 6 inches	.35
DACHY	SANDRA	.00
	terminalis. Japanese spurge. Good evergreen ground cover	
1940	plant for shade; leathery palmately divided leaves. Height 10 inches	.25
PAEONI		.40
	browni. Native wild paeony. Very attractive succulent	
2000	bluish green foliage, single red and yellow flowers. Height 10 to 14 inches	.50
PAPAD	ANTHUS	.00
	sinensis. Small orange lily-like flowers followed by seed pods	
1000	resembling a small blackberry. Height 12 to 18 inches.	.25
PARNAS	· ·	
	californica. Native. Out for season.	
	fimbriata. Native. Out for season.	
PELLAE		
	densa. A tiny rock fern. Hardy and fine for rockery.	
1990	Height 4 inches	.30
PENTST	EMON—An American genus of an unusual variety of beauty.	
You ca	an, from this list, secure a pentstemon for nearly every pur-	
pose.	P. menziesii and P. rupicola are dwarf woody creepers, rock	
	ng forms of the highest value. P. barrettae, cardwelli, deus-	
	reganus and fruticosa are evergreen woody shrubs of less	
	a foot. The others are herbaceous although many are more	
or less	s evergreen through the winter. Amid the almost universal	
	SEE ROCK GARDEN BULBS—PAGE 30	

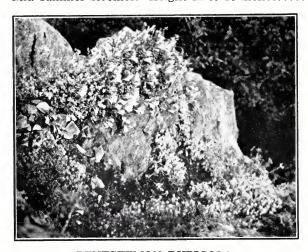
P	ENSTI	EMON—Continued Pr	rice
-		sion of names in this family it is difficult indeed to be sure	
		mes. Our plants insofar as possible have been identified	
		mparison with herbarium specimens named by National Mu-	
		Botanists or by direct identification by them of specimens.	
	1400	aridus. Native. Flat rosettes of narrow grayish leaves;	
		stems carrying vivid clear blue flowers. Dainty and	
		choice rock plant. Height 10 to 14 inches\$.50
	1403	azureus. Native glaucous leaves and loose spikes of clear	
		blue flowers make this one of the very best rock garden	
		pentstemons. Height 12 to 16 inches	.35
	1405	barretae. Native. Choice evergreen with somewhat silvered	
		leaves and short spikes of lilac purple flowers. Height	00
	1410	10 to 12 inches	.60
	1410	cardwellii. Native evergreen, covered several times each	
		season with short spikes of bright purple flowers. Height 10 to 12 inches	.50
	1415	coerulea. Colorado native. Glaucous foliage and heads of	.50
	1410	clear blue flowers. Choice. Height 10 to 12 inches	.50
	1420	deustus. Native dwarf semi-woody foliage and heads of soft	.50
	1120	yellow flowers with dark brown spots or red splash in	
		throat. Height 8 to 12 inches	.25
	1422	diffusus. Native. Out for the season.	
	1425	fruticosa. Native shrubby plant with narrow evergreen	
		leaves and bright blue flowers. Height 10 to 12 inches.	.50
	1430	glaber. Native. Blue green foliage and dense spikes of sky	
		blue flowers daintily tinted with pink. A variable form	
		in Oregon and one that has been split up by botanists.	
		Height 10 to 12 inches	.50



MERTENSIA PULCHELLA
Bluer than sapphire and almost as rare

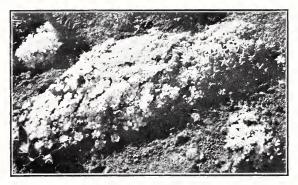
—U. S. Forest Service Photo.

PENTS		rice
1435	glandulesa. Native. Basal clumps of big leaves from which	
	raise two-foot leafy stalks bearing numerous big pale	
	lavender flowers. Fine for large rockery or border\$.30
1438	lineolatus. Native. Rosettes of lanceolate green leaves and	
	foot high stalks bearing heads and clusters of small	
	deep blue flowers. Rare and good. 10 to 14 inches	.35
1440	menziesii. Native evergreen dwarf woody plant with spikes	
	of large blue or purple bells. A choice rock plant.	
1 4 4 0	Height 4 to 6 inches	.35
1442	oreganus. Native. A tiny gray-leaved desert shrub of 4 to	
	6 inches with short flower stalks set with dainty pink	
	to rosy purple trumpets. Fine plant, slow grower and	.75
1445	ovatus. A native variable plant with large leaved spikes of	.15
1449	blue flowers. For large pockets or border, 24 to 30 inches	.35
1450	procerus. Native. Masses of deep blue flowers in heads.	.00
1430	Good foliage. Height 12 to 16 inches	.35
1452	procerus. Native dwarf high mountain form of this species.	.00
1 102	Mats of bright green leaves with good heads of deep	
	blue flowers. Height 6 to 8 inches	.35
1453	pulchellus. Native. Masses of narrow leaves on semi-woody	
	stalks. Heads of tiny deep blue flowers. All summer	
	bloomer. Fine for sunny location. Height 8 to 10 inches	.40
1455	rattani. Native. Ample bright green basal leaves with large	
	spikes of large pale blue or lavender flowers. Height	
	24 to 30 inches	.30
1460	richardsoni. Native. Good foliage of bright green serrate	
	leaves, clear pink or red flowers of good size. A real	
	beauty when kept in rather poor soil. 18 to 20 inches	.50
1463	roezli. Native. Narrow slightly glaucous leaves and airy	
	open spikes of attractive clear blue wide-mouthed flow-	
	ers. One of the best of herbaceous species. Height 12 to 20 inches	.35
1465	rupicola. Native. Dwarf mats of blue green leaves and	.30
1400	bright red flowers. A rare and beautiful plant. Height	
	4 to 6 inches	.50
1468	venustus. Native. Serrate leaves and good spikes of clear	.00
1100	blue flowers; very similar to P. richardsoni in growth.	
	Mid-summer bloomer. Height 12 to 16 inches	50



PENTSTEMON RUPICOLA

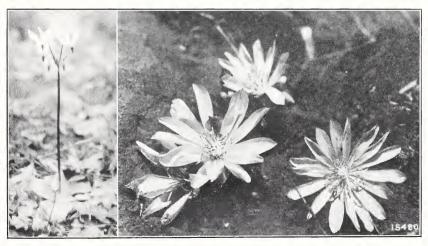
Andr ousne	—Western America mat forming Phlox rank with European osace as rock plants. Their compact dwarf habits, floriferess and clear color tones are unbeatable. We offer sturdy bry grown twice transplanted stock.	
4.455		rice
1475	adsurgens. Native. Dense mats of bright green evergreen leaves. Floppy stems with big clusters of white to pink flowers. A rare gem for the rock garden. 10 to 14 inches.\$.50
1480	amoena. Dwarf green foliage and abundant beautiful pink flowers. Long bloomer. Creeper	.25
1482	caespitosa. Native. A soft gray more or less hairy form much like Phlox douglasi in form and color of flower. A dainty and beautiful creeper	.50
1485	diffusa. Native. Fine mats of soft green foliage liberally sprinkled with big white, pink or lavender blossoms. Very fine creeper	.50
1486	divaricata-canadensis. A beautiful lavender Phlox, native of the middle western states, which thrives in half shade or full sun in the west coast states. 10 to 15 inches	.30
1488	douglasi. Native. Compact growing prickly mats and bright pink to white flowers. A choice creeper	.50
1490	longifolia. Native. Narrow foliage and bright pink flowers. Fine and rare. Height 8 to 12 inches	.50
1492	rigida. Native. A compact slow groying Phlox mat with stiff bristle-like foliage and usually white although an occasional plant has blue or pink flowers. The earliest to bloom and in many ways the finest mat Phlox. Creeper	.75
1493	speciosa. Native. Bushy woody plant of 10 inches, with narrow dull green leaves and bright pink flowers, which are more or less lacinated. Height 10 to 12 inches	.50
1495	stolonifera. Creeping evergreen with pink flowers. Native of eastern United States	.30
1500	subulata. Creeping evergreen, prickly stems with masses of flowers. Can furnish in white, pink or lavender. State color desired	.35
PHYLL		
1505	empetriformis. Native heather with neat branching needle- like evergreen leaves and pink bell-shaped flowers. Height 10 to 14 inches. Small plants only	.50
PLUMB	AGO	
1525	larpentae. Good foliage, clear blue flowers in late summer	95



PHLOX DIFFUSA
SEE HARDY LILIES OFFERED—PAGE 33

POLEM	ONIUM	rice
1530	carneum. Native. Good foliage and big salmon or flesh	
1532	color flowers. Height 10 to 12 inches\$ coeruleum. Tall growing Jacobs ladder, beautiful either for	.50
	the border or large pockets. Beautiful dark blue flowers	9.0
1533	in clusters. Height 24 to 30 inchesoccidentalis. Native. Mass of fern-like foliage and 2-foot stalks bearing many dark blue flowers. A fine species	.30
	16 to 24 inches high	.35
1535	pulchellum. Native. Good fern-like foliage and soft blue flowers, very dainty. Height 8 to 12 inches	.25
POTEN		
1540	alpina. A low growing evergreen plant with great numbers	
	of yellow flowers. Very good all summer bloomer.	
1545	Height 3 to 6 inches	.30
1545	moist places. Silvery leaves and yellow flowers. Creeper	.25
1448	cinera. A tiny creeping cinquifoil not over an inch hight,	.20
	with clear yellow strawberry flowers, all summer	
	bloomer. A fine plant	.30
1450		0.5
DIDMI	long period. Choice. Height 8 to 12 inches	.35
PIRMU 1560	auricula. Alpine primrose. Smooth leaves and velvety vari-	
1000	ous colored flowers. Height 10 to 12 inches	.35
1565	bormanica. One of the numerous big moisture-loving	.00
	primulas with candelabra flower heads of an odd red	
	shade. Height 12 to 16	.50
1570	cashmiriana. An early spring primrose with round head of	
	clear violet flower and more or less mealy leaves. Fine. Stock limited. Height 8 to 12 inches	.40
1589	elatior. The English oxlip raised from seed. Various colors	.35
1585	japonica. Robust growers in various shades of red to white.	.00
	Height 12 to 16 inches. Fine showy plant for shade or	
	moisture	.35
	veris. Plants raised from imported seeds of this favorite	0.0
DDIME	old primrose. Various colors. Height 4 to 6 inches	.30
PRUNE 1610	grandiflora. Really beautiful member of the mint family,	
1010	clear red flowers. Rosettes of cut leaves which turn red	
	in fall. Height 6 to 10 inches	.25
PYRET		
1612	atrosanguineum. Persian daisy. Red and pink shades pre-	
	dominate in this strain of this fine perennial. Height	
1011	18 to 24 inches	.25
1614	rose hybrids. A very fine strain of this popular perennial with daisy-like flowers in varying shades of pink.	
	Height 12 to 20 inches	.25
RANUN		.20
1620	glaberrimus. Mountain butter cup. Early spring bloomer,	
	large butter yellow flowers on short stems. Dwarf.	
	Choice and rare. Height 4 to 8 inches	.30
1625	species. Native. Big-leaved butter cup with large bright	0.5
1690	yellow flowers. A fine garden plant. Height 8 to 10 inches repens flora plena. Brass buttons. Creeping double flow-	.35
1630	ered butter cup. A rapid grower. Creeping double now-	.25
RETINA	OSPORA	.20
1635	squarrosa nana. A gray and brown fine leaved dwarfed	
_ 555	evergreen beautifully adapted to larger rock gardens.	
	Height 2 to 4 feet. Good plants	.50
	DDENDRON	
1640	californicum. Native. A wonderful evergreen shrub with	0.00
	rosy pink flowers. 4 to 8 feet. 12 to 18-inch plants	2.00
	SEE ROCK CARDEN RIII RS - PAGE 30	

ROMANZ		rice
	sitchensis. Native. Beautiful pure white flowers on stems rising from a mass of small leaves that are almost mat forming; dainty and attractive. Height 6 to 8 inches\$.30
ROMNEY		
	coulteri. A limited supply of this beautiful poppy, big silky six-inch white fragrant flowers with orange center. Height 3 to 5 feet. Strong transplanted plants	1.00
SAGINA		
1675 s	subulata. Dog hair. Mat of soft green felt sprinkled more or less with tiny white flowers. One of the best ground covers for semi-shade. Creeper	.25
SALVIA		
1680 a	azurea. Spikes of azure blue flowers. Good for rock garden corners. Height 24 to 30 inches	.50
SANGUII		
1685 e	canadensis. Bloodroot. A fine semi-shade to shade plant. Palmate leaves and pure white water lily-like flowers on 6 to 10-inch stems. April-May	.30
SANTOL		
	chamaecyparissus. Shrub with silvery foliage, yellow button-like flowers. Height 18 to 24 inches	.35
SAPONAL	RIA	
1700 o	beymoides. Almost creeping evergreen shrubby plant, myriads of clear pink flowers. Fine for rockery or wall. Height 10 to 12 inches	.25
SAXIFRA		
	aizoon. Fine encrusted ornamental rosettes of gray stiff leaves, red flowers. Height 8 to 10 inches	.35
1725 b	oronchialis. Native. Prickly type of foliage and dainty pink and white flowers. Height 4 to 8 inches	.50
	burscriana. Choice evergreen with prickly foliage, white flowers. Height 4 to 6 inches	.50
1728 k	burseriana lutea. Yellow flowering form of the above. Very fine. Height 4 to 6 inches	.50
1730 c	caespitosa. Native mossy evergreen, cream white flowers. Superior to many of the highly prized European species.	
1745 c	Height 4 to 6 incheseotyledon pyramidalis. Large encrusted rosettes. Great pyra-	.75
	mids of pink and white flowers. Height 18 to 20 inches	30



DODOCATHEON LATIFOLIUM

LEWISIA REDIVIVA
—U. S. Forest Service Photo.

SAXIFF	RAGA—Continued P	rice
1755	decipiens. Indispensible rockery plant. Mossy type with creamy flowers. Height 4 to 6 inches\$.30
1770	Gilfords seedlings. Fine compact growing mossy type, crim-	
1775	son flowers. Height 12 to 18 incheshypnoides. A mossy saxifrage with much divided leaves and creamy white flowers. Later than the decipiens	.40
1780	type. A really satisfactory plant. Height 6 to 8 inches macnabiana. This is a smaller edition of the pyramidalis with heavier flower stalks. A very fine thing even	.30
	though it lacks the airy grace of the larger form. Height 10 to 12 inches	.30
1785	megasea. Large leaved early bloomer. Heads of clear pink flowers. Height 12 to 18 inches.	.25
1790	mertensiana. Native. Leafy species, long stems of good foliage with white flowers in spring. 12 to 18 inches	.30
1795	nutkana. Native. Hairy leaves from which arise panicles	.30
1800	bearing white and pink flowers. Height 12 to 18 inches. oregana. Native. Rosettes rather large, stout stems carrying heads of small yellow of white flowers. Height 12	.30
1825	to 14 inches	.30
~ ~	pearance. Creeper	.75
	LLARIA	
1840	angustifolia. Native. Dazzling blue-hooded flowers. Strong grower. Height 8 to 10 inches	.25
SEDUM		.20
1845	acre. Bright green mossy foliage and bright yellow star-	
	shaped flowers. Good carpeter. Creeper	.25
1848	album. Quick growing mat forming short stems, round fat leaves, white flowers. Creeper	.25
1860	dasiphyllum. One of the finest of all rock plants. A compact mass of pale blue pearly beads strung tightly together, white flowers in late spring. Creeper	.30
1863	divergens. Native. Neat groups of small rosettes of shining	.25
1866	green leaves and heads of yellow flowers. Creeper douglasi. Native. Green mossy tails with heads of yellow flowers. Height 4 to 6 inches	.25
1870	ewersii. Similar to sieboldii only more robust and no pink edging to the leaves. Good umbels of red to purple flowers. Height 4 to 6 inches	.30
1873	glaucum (hispanicum). Mat forming mossy type with beautiful blue green foliage and white flowers. Real good	.50
1876	Creeper kamtschaticum. Spurium type. Trailing growth, with heads	.25
1925	of bright orange flowers. Height 4 to 6 inches	.25
1880	red foliage. Small white flowers. Creeper murale. Flat reddish foliage with white flowers having a	.25
1885	distinct pink center. Height 2 to 4 inchesoreganum. Native. Rosettes of fat reddish green leaves on	.30
1890	short stems. Yellow flowers. Height 2 to 4 inches pruniatium fosterianum. Stems covered with gray green needles and bright yellow flowers, choice and odd	.25
1895	species. Height 2 to 4 inches	.25
1898	4 to 6 inches	.25
1900	Creeper	.25
1000	type but even better. Bright yellow flowers. Creeper	.25

SEDUM	I —Continued	Price
1905	sieboldii. Sprangling stems ornamented with thick succulent blue green leaves rimmed with pink; good umbels of red to purple flowers. Height 4 to 6 inches\$.40
1910	spathulifolium. Native. Clusters of soft gray rosettes bearing great heads of clear yellow flowers on red stems. A	
1915	real rock plant. Height 2 to 4 inchesspectabile. Very choice tall growing. Large heads of red-	.25
1920	dish flowers. Height 12 to 18 inchesspurium. Mat forming evergreen bearing heads of white flowers at intervals during the summer. Good ground	.30
	cover. Creeper	.25
1921	spurium coccienum. Dark red flowering form of the above. Leaves tinted and edged with red. Creeper	.25
1928	stenopetalum. Native. This is a tight growing blue green plant which probably is a form of this species. It is however a very striking sedum without considering its	
	yellow flower. Height 6 to 10 inches	.30
1929	telephium. A plant similar in habit to sedum spectabile but with smaller and darker leaves and darker pink flowers. Height 10 to 16 inches	.25
1930	yosemitensia. Native. Odd angular leaves, arranged in half-closed rosettes; cream colored flowers in heads. Creeper	.25
SEMPE	RVIVUM	
1935	brauni. House leek with green rosettes of sharply pointed	
1945	leaves. Mat	.25
	strung together with silvery threads. A choice plant for hot dry places. Mat	.25
1955	tectorum. Hen and chickens. Big rosettes, fleshy leaves around which new offsets grow, hence its popular name. Pink flowers. Mat	.25
SHORT		.40
	galacifolia. Oconee bells. Shade-loving evergreen with beau-	
	tiful nodding pink and white flowers. 4 to 6 inches	.50
SIDALO		
1980	spicata. Native. Geranium-like leaves, clear pink or rose hollyhock-like flowers in spikes. Height 18 to 20 inches.	.40

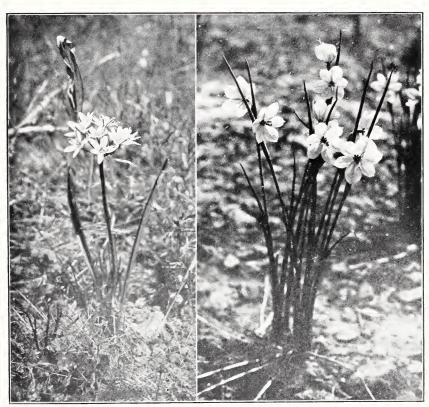


ERYTHRONIUM HENDERSONI

SILENE HOOKERI
—U. S. Forest Service Photo.

SIEVE	RSIA	rice
1990	ciliata. Native. Pinnate hairy leaves and odd nodding reddish flowers with elongated calyx points projecting beyond the flowers. Height 10 to 14 inches\$.35
SILENI		.00
	acaulis. Native. Grown from cuttings; better bloomer	
	than the European form. Solid mats of bright green moss, bright pink flowers	.40
2020	heckeri. Native. One of our most striking plants. Soft gray foliage; showy pink to red flowers; flopping stems.	-
2025	A gem. Height 4 to 6 inches	.35
2030	which carries for long periods large short-stemmed white flowers. Height 3 to 6 inchesshafta. A rather rapid growing leafy mass of foliage 4 to	.30
2030	5 inches, covered in late summer with masses of rosy flowers. A rock garden gem which gives color at a	
	time it is most needed. Height 4 to 6 inches	.30
SISYRI	INCHIUM	
2040	bellum. Native. A real grass flower, dainty and attractive. Dark blue flowers with yellow eye. Blooms nearly all summer. Height 10 to 12 inches	.25
2045	grandifiorum. Grass Widow. Dainty little member of the iris family, grass-like foliage, clear half-open purple flowers with orange anthers hung in a partially droop-	
	ing position. A royal beauty. Height 8 to 12 inches	.25
2050	iridifolium. Iris leaves, stalks of yellow flowers; every distinct novelty. Height 20 to 24 inches	.40
SKIMM	(IA.	
2055	japonica. A dwarf evergreen shade loving shrub covered in winter with bright red berries. Height 12 to 14 inches. Small plants	.50
SPHAE	RALCEA	
2060	munroana. Native. A beautiful gray leaved half shrubby plant with spikes of open salmon colored flowers. One of the best. Full sun and good drainage. 8 to 10 inches.	.40
SPRAG		
2062	multiceps. Pussy paws. Native. Flat rosettes of narrow green and red leaves and big wooly pink flowers, that give the plant its name. Needs a dry place	.30
STACH	YS	
2070	corsica. A wee creeping mass of green foliage covered with white or soft pink flowers during summer. A wonderful ground cover	.30
SYNTH		.50
2075	reniformis. Native. Reniform leaves and good spikes of	
	deep blue flowers; the most robust of all the species. Shade. Height 6 to 8 inches	.35
2076	rotundifolia. Native shade plant, big rounded leaves, spikes of lavender or pale blue flowers. Extra good. Height 6 to 8 inches	.30
2077	rotundifolia sweetseri. Dark blue or violet form of above. Shade. Height 6 to 8 inches	.30
THALI	CTRUM	
2080	dipterocarpum. A fine tall growing perennial for the large rockery or border. Finely divided foliage and loose sprays of rose flowers. Height 3 to 4 feet	25
2085	purpurascens. Native. A dainty species of 18 inches with tiny lavender sprays. A good plant for a shady spot	.35
	in the rockery	.30

THYMU		rice
2100	matic leaves variegated white and green. Adds color	
	to the rockery at any season. Soft rose flowers. Height 8 to 12 inches\$.25
2101	citriodorus aurea. Golden thyme. Dwarf shrubs, fragrant variegated leaves, heads of dull rose flowers. A very	
	desirable plant. Height 8 to 12 inches	.30
2105	serpyllum album. Creeping thyme with white flowers. Ele-	or
2106	gant ground cover. Creeperserpyllum coccineum. Soft fragrant evergreen mats, heads	.25
2100	of tiny bright red flowers. Choice ground cover. Creeper	.25
2107	serpyllum lanuginosus. Wooly thyme. Fragrant gray fol-	
	iage, scattered pink flowers. Makes evergreen carpet	
0100	of soft gray. Good ground cover. Creeper	.25
2108	serpylium roseum. Bright evergreen mats of fragrant foliage, pink flowers. One of the best. Creeper	.25
TOWNS		.20
	florifer. Native. Choice dwarf aster with soft gray foliage,	
	pink flowers. One of the best. Creeper	.35
TRADE	SCANTIA	
2120	virginica. Spiderwort. Clear blue flowered plant from east-	
	ern states. All summer bloomer. Height 10 to 12 inches	.25
TUNICA		
2125	saxifraga. Mass of fine foliage; great number of clear pink flowers. Height 6 to 10 inches	.25



BRODIAEA HENDERSONI

SISYRINCHIUM GRANDIFLORUM
—U. S. Forest Service Photo.

VACCIN	NIUM	Price
2130	parviflorum. Native. Out for season.	
VANCO	VERIA	
2140	hexandra. Inside Out Flower. Native. Good ground cover for shady places. Sprays of odd little flowers. Height 4 to 8 inches	.25
VERON	·	.20
2150	amethystina. A beautiful floppy mass of foliage 8 to 10 inches high, covered in spring with spikes of deep violet flowers	.25
2155	incana. Flat masses of silvered leaves and spikes of the deepest violet flowers which contrast beautifully with the silver foliage. Very good. Height 8 to 10 inches	.25
2160	longifolia. Speedwell. Tall growing species for large pockets or borders. Spikes of soft blue flowers in early summer. Height 18 to 24 inches	.25
2175	repens. Bright green mats along the ground, covered in spring with big white or lavender flowers nestled in the green foliage. Fine. Creeper	.25
2180	rupestris. Creeping half woody evergreen with spikes of	0.5
2185	clear azure blue in late spring. Choice. 4 to 8 inches spicata rosea. Mats of small leaves from which rise 6 to 8-inch spikes of soft pink flowers	.25
2186	species. A dainty creeping plant with thread-like stems and tiny yellowish green leaves. Not yet seen in bloom.	.30
VIOLA	with this fellowist green leaves, 1.00 fet seen in steen.	.00
2190	adunca. Native. Dwarf evergreen, heart-shaped leaves. The dark blue flowers stand well above the compact of leaves and are borne in profusion in spring and	
2195	fall. Height 2 to 4 inches;	.30
	fine thing. Height 6 to 8 inchesbosniaca. A dainty long blooming violet of an unusual rose mauve color. Height 6 to 8 inches	.25
2205	chrysantha (douglasii). Native. Cut leaved, large yellow flowers with reverse side of the upper petal colored	
2210	dull purple. Rare. Height 2 to 4 inches	.50
2215	4 to 6 inches	.25
2225	or half shade. Height 6 to 8 inchescuneata. Native. Dwarf dainty thick heart-shaped leaves and impish little white flowers with purple throat.	.30
2235	Height 3 to 4 inchesglabella. Native. Big leaved, branching. Bright yellow flowers. Persistent bloomer. Shade. 4 to 8 inches	.30
2240	halli. Native. Cut leaves; large flowers with upper petal rich violet, the lower cream yellow. The best of all natives.	
2245	Height 4 to 6 inches jersey gem. Popular plant which through a long season opens its big violet pansies	.40
2250	oderata. Sweet English violet. Very good for shady places. Produces a profusion of long-stemmed fragrant violet	
2255	flowers in early spring. Height 4 to 6 inches	.25 .25
$\frac{2255}{2256}$	palustris. Native. Clumps of big heart-shaped leaves and	20
2257	big violet to white flowers. Fine for semi-shade. 8 inches pedata. The birds-foot violet of the eastern state with large pale blue violet flowers and cut leaves. A very	.30
	fine plant requiring acid soil. Height 4 to 6 inches SEE ROCK GARDEN BULBS—PAGE 30	.35

VIOLA-	—Continued P	rice
2258	pedata bicolor. The beautiful violet upper petals and light	
	blue lower ones make a striking and beautiful plant of	
	the form. Acid soil. Height 4 to 6 inches\$.40
2259	pedatifida. Native of the middle western prairies. Up-	
	standing cut leaved with soft blue flowers blooming	
	over a long season. Fine showy plant. 6 to 8 inches	.35
2252	pedunculata. Native of California. Heart-shaped leaves,	
	big round golden yellow flowers with a mahogany re-	
	verse to the petals. A rare and beautiful species.	
	Height 6 to 8 inches	.50
2260	praemorsa. Native. Basal clusters of big hairy leaves. A	
	most attractive setting for the big open-faced pansy-	
	like yellow flowers. Some shade. Height 4 to 8 inches	.25
2270	sarmentosa (sempervirens). Native evergreen creeper,	
	dainty yellow flowers with varying amount of brown	
	stripes in throat. Shade. Creeper	.25
2280	sheltonii. Native. Palmate leaved, finely divided, yellow	
	flowers. Height 4 to 6 inches	.30
	PHYLLUM	
2290	tenax. Spikes of creamy white flowers from clumps of grass	
	foliage. Height $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet	.50
	HNERIA	
2300	californica. Native. With gray foliage, red tubular flowers.	
	Late bloomer. Height 4 to 6 inches	.40



XEROPHYLLUM TENAX
SEE HARDY LILIES OFFERED — PAGE 33

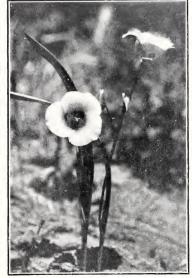
Native Bulb Flowers for the Rock Garden

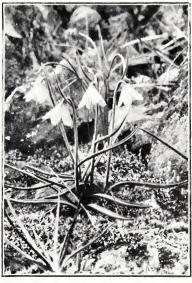
We have and are offering for the first time in this catalogue, a limited stock of nursery-grown bulbs of choice wild flowers. The species offered should be hardy in the east and are all first-class rock plants. Our Calochorti, with few exceptions, are alpine and desert species, accustomed to extremes of heat and cold. With such reasonable care as other hardy bulbs receive they should thrive and increase in beauty, from year to year, anywhere in eastern United States.

As our stock is limited, orders will be filled in the order of their receipt. Bulbs will be shipped during summer and early fall, depending on the time they are mature. We have propagating stock of many species as yet uncatalogued which will be added to our list from time to time. Anyone interested in securing specimens of any particular species of Oregon bulbs is requested to write. We can supply a few of almost any species native to this state.

	Price Per Ten
ALLUM—Wild Onion	
Accuminatum. Native. Upright heads of bright red flowers. Height 10 to 12 inches\$.50
cernuum. Native. Wide flat foliage and nodding heads of clear pink flowers. Very fine. Height 10 to 12 inches.	.50
ARISEMA—Jack in the Pulpit	
 japonicum. We are somewhat in doubt about this name but offer the plant for what it is, a pale looking dwarf growing Jack in the Pulpit. Height 8 to 12 inches triphyllum. Unless you have Jack preaching from beneath his brown canopy in your garden, it lacks something. 	1.00
Height 10 to 12 inches	1.50
BLOOMERIA	
aurea. Handsome umbels of bright yellow flowers on 12 to 15-inch stems	1.00
BRODIAEA	
coronaria. See hookera.	
hendersoni. Native. Umbels of clear yellow flowers with	
blue stripes down the center of each petal. Height 10	
to 12 inches	1.00
laxa. Narrow linear leaved and umbels of violet flowers	
on 12 to 18-inch stalks. A very beautiful brodiaea.	
CALOCHORTUS	
albus. One of the beautiful fairy lantern type of west	
coast bulbs. Drooping white flowers on 12 to 18-inch	
stalks	1.00
amabilis. The yellow fairy lantern. Grows from 9 to 12	
inches high with branching stems and nodding sweet-	
scented bright orange flowers	1.00
clavatus. A fine 12 to 16-inch mariposa lily bearing large	
wide-open flowers of a brilliant golden yellow	1.50
liliacinus. A dainty lavender flower without hair, other-	1 00
wise like the cat's ear	1.00
lobbei. A cream colored cat's ear with bright yellow center	1.00
macrocarpus. Native. Big and upstanding. Lavender flowers with darker base to the petal. A very fine plant.	
Height 10 to 12 inches	1.00
maweanus. Native. Cats ear. Soft lavender low growing,	1.00
flowers almost filled with hairs, hence its name. Very	
good. Height 4 to 8 inches	1.00
plummerae. Soft lilac flowers nearly 4 inches across. The	1.00
lower half of inner segements is covered with yellow	
hairs and blotched with purple. Height 12 to 16 inches.	1.00
SEE HARDY III IES OFFERED — PAGE 33	

	Price Per
CALOCHORTUS—Continued	Ten
splendens. Late blooming pale lilac mariposa tulip of large size. A large purple blotch at the base of each innesegement	ge er
venustus. Large white flowers with inner segements yello at the base and with crimson blot near the center	er.
Height 12 to 18 inches	
venustus citrinus. A clear lemon yellow variety of venust	
venustus El Dorado. Large flowers varying white to pin and purple. Very fine	
CAMASSIA	
esculenta. Native. Big airy spikes of deep blue flower Height 12 to 18 inches	s. . 1.00
CHLOROGALUM	
pomeridianum. Soaproot. Native bulb with curious fibro coating; rosettes of decidedly ornamental blue grand tall stalks bearing open panicles of small white flowers	ay te
ERYTHRONIUM	
citrinum. Native. Heavily mottled leaves and white or so yellow flowers with an orange center make this a di tinctive species	s-
giganteum. Native. A big cream colored lambs tong with mottled leaves. Very choice bulb plant. Heig 6 to 10 inches	ht
hendersoni. Native. Lavender and purple flowers wi mottled laeves. Height 6 to 10 inches	th
parviflorum. Glacier lily. Native. Soft pink flowers as mottled leaves. Fine for rock crevices. 6 to 10 inches	1.00
revolutum johnsoni. Native. Soft pink flowers and mottle leaves. Height 6 to 10 inches	





CALOCHORTUS LOBBYI FRITILLARIA PUDICA SEE HARDY LILIES OFFERED—PAGE 33

	Price
FRITILLARIA	Per Ten
atropurpurea. Native. A dainty species with narrow purplish or green leaves and branching stalks carrying several yellowish flowers heavily blotched with brown.	1611
Height 12 to 14 inches	3 1.50
18 to 24 inches pudica. Yellow Bells. Native. Early spring bloomer, drooping bells of clear pure yellow. Well established bulbs have several dainty flowers. A rock garden gem. Height	1.25
6 to 10 inches recurva. Red Bells. Native. The most beautiful of western species with numerous drooping red and orange bells	1.25
on a branching flower stalk. Height 12 to 20 inches	1.50
GALANTHUS elwesii. Earliest spring bloomer, drooping white flowers	
with green tips to the petals. Height 8 to 10 inches elwesii. Double flowering form of the above. 8 to 10 inches	.70 .70
HOOKERA	
stems carrying two fine big upright open rich violet trumpets. A real beauty. Height 8 to 12 inches	1.50
MUSCARI	
heavenly blue. Grape hyacinth. Heads of grape-like bunches of blue flowers. Height 6 to 10 inchse	.60
NARCISSUS	
golden spur. A well-known favorite with long trumpet pure yellow flowers. Height 10 to 14 inches poeticus recurva. Pheasant eye. The favorite white with	1.50
red rimmed cups and pleasing fragrance. 10 to 14 inches	.85
ORNITHOGALUM	
narbonensis. A bulbous plant with heads of white bro- diaea-like flowers and an odd fragrance. 12 to 16 inches	1.00
SCILLA campanulata. Rose Lind. A very beautiful pink form of	
the squill with spikes of pink flowers. 6 to 10 inches nutans. English Bluebells. Fine flue flowers. 6 to 8 inches nutans rubra. A beautiful pink form of the English Blue-	.70 .70
bell. Height 6 to 10 inches	.80
sibirica. Very choice dainty blue flower. Fine for a choice	
place in the rockery. Height 4 to 6 inches	.70 .50
TRILLIUM	
chloropetalum. Native. Sessile white flowers and mottled leaves. Height 12 to 18 inches	1.50
turning rose color as they mature. Height 12 to 16 inches	1.50
petiolatum. Native. Long petioled leaves with sessile brownish flowers. Height 4 to 8 inches	1.50

Hardy Lilies

We are members of the Oregon Lily Growers Association and now have thousands of these beautiful garden aristocrats growing on our grounds. In common with the other members of this association, we aim to market quality bulbs grown in Oregon.

Some are excellent rock garden subjects and all are excellent for borders. Almost without exception, they do better with some ground cover of perennials or shrubs to shade the bulbs and almost all require neutral or acid soil.

Those especially suited for rockeries are so mentioned in the following list:

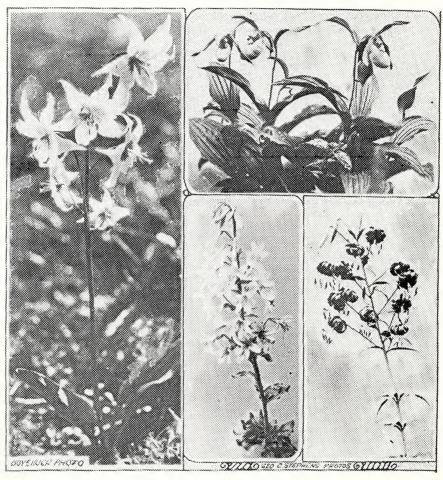
*****	Each
Auratum. Gold Banded Japanese Lily. Pure white spotted with maroon and a gold band down each	
petal. Largest and most beautiful and most fragrant garden lily. Height $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 feet\$.35-\$.50
browni odorum. Large trumpet-shaped flowers of clear white, veined outside with purplish maroon. Height 3 to 4 feet	1.00
candidum. Madonna. Pure white flowers of this old garden favorite. Height 3 to 4 feet	.30
grayi. A beautiful lily with deep reddish bell-shaped flowers, orange spotted within. Good for the rockery. Height 2 to 3 feet	.35
henryi. A salmon yellow with the form of a seciosum. Height 4 to 7 feet	.75
humboldti magnificum. Erect stems with whorls of leaves at regular intervals. Numerous drooping flowers borne in loose triangular clusters of bril-	
liant golden yellow, spotted with purple on the re- flexed petals. Height 5 feet	.75
longiflorum. Easter Lily. Pure white trumpet-shaped flowers. Fine for cutting. Height 3 feet	.35
myriophyllum. Regal. A beauty that carries its foliage well. The big fragrant trumpets are white shaded with pink and tinted with yellow at the base. Height 3 to 5 feet. 8 to 9-inch bulbs	1.00
pardalinum. Tiger Lily. Native. As many as twenty- five flowers carried in an open panicle are not un-	1.00
common in its native haunts. Height 4 to 6 feet philippinense formosum. Bears, on slender leafy stems,	.35
long white trumpet-shaped flowers with reflexing petals. Height 2 feet	1.00
tenuifolium. Siberian Lily. A beautiful dainty red lily. The habit of growth and the size of the flowers make this hardy lily a rock garden wonder. Height $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet	.2535
testaceum. Nankeen Lily. One of the choice border lilies. The dull apricot tone sets off by the orange	.20 .00
anthers, puts in a color class by itself. Makes a wonderful cut flower. Height 5 feet SEE ROCK GARDEN BULBS—PAGE 30	2.00

LILIUM—Continued	Each	
tigrinum splendens. An improved form of the old gar-		
den tiger. Orange red spotted with deep purple		
Height $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet	.\$.30
tigrinum flora plena. A double flowering form of the		
above		.30
washingtonianum. Mt. Hood Lily. Native. A beauti-		
ful white tinged with pink or scarlet with some		
purple dots; color changes with age to a rich wine.		
Height 3 to 5 feet	35-	.50

Fall delivery lily seeds of pardalinum, regal, tenuifolium, and washingtonianum. Write for prices.

An English Authority On Rock Gardening

"It has long been commonly thought that big rock masses are essential to success with the high alpine flowers, and the idea has spread and become deeply rooted that rock gardening is a recreation for the wealthy possessed of extensive grounds. Nothing is farther from the truth. Providing your garden gets the precious sunshine—which some one has described as the life and soul of a garden of flowers—then there is no reason at all why you should not fill it with the choicest jewels that bedeck the mountain ranges of the wide world. This sounds like exaggerated phrase, but it is the plain, unvarnished truth. Some of the alpines are ridiculously easy, most of them respond admirably to a little extraordinary care, while those few that are tantalizing—well, they can very well wait until one's knowledge has reached such a stage that one is able to estimate and to satisfy their needs. It is, then, true that the size of the rock garden is no just measure of its capacity for giving pleasure. The love of building is inherent in all of us, and the average amateur who has hitherto grown his flowers on the flat, finds, when once he has made a start, that he gets as much fun out of it as the babies building castles on the sands. If his attitude toward gardening is a proper one, even the preparation of a rose bed or mixed border is capable of giving pleasure to the digger, but this is nothing to the fierce joy that possesses the rock gardener. Slowly, surely, and with a subtleness that fascinates, the work of his own creation grows under his eyes; there is something substantial to show for his labor, and he experiences the satisfaction that follows, 'something attempted, something done.' It is, I think, true that building a rock garden is so absorbing because one is following an ideal set by nature; here rises a peak or dips a hollow, here frowns some miniature promontory or rises sheer some Liliputian precipice. There gapes a chasm or lies some stony slope or exquisite alpine meadow. It is all so delightfully imitative that in idealistic moments it is easy to imagine one's garden of rocks and flowers peopled with mountain elves. The prosaic methods that are followed in preparing borders on the flat have no such effect on the imagination; they leave one, in comparison, mentally cold, if bodily warm. He who builds well and truly has created a little flower world of his own; he has—it may be in some small suburban plot, dull, flat and enclosed—raised a fair model of a mountain range, and peopled the peaks and crannies and crevices with their own inimitable flowers."—H. H. Thomas.



ERYTHRONIUM

Top: CYPRIPEDIUM MONTANUM

Below, Left:

LILIUM WASHINGTONIANUM Right: LILIUM PARDALINUM